

Role of sex-disaggregated data in identifying differentiated impacts and informing policy and actions

Structure of presentation

1. Introduction to FAO's Policy on Gender
2. Differentiated experiences
3. Tools to promote generation of sex-disaggregated data
4. Examples of gender consideration in climate change projects
5. Conclusion



FAO Policy on Gender Equality

Achieve Equality between women and men in sustainable agriculture production and rural development for the elimination of hunger and poverty.

Objectives

1. Equal participation of women as decision-makers in rural institutions and in shaping laws, policies and programs
2. Equal access to and control over decent employment, income, land and other productive resources
3. Equal access to goods, services and markets
4. Reduction in women's work burden by 20 percent
5. Share of agricultural aid for women and gender equality increased to 30 percent



Differentiated experiences

- Unequal access to and management of natural resources
- Labour burden with high proportion of unpaid work
- Gender inequality in agriculture hinder ability of women to adopt climate smart agriculture
- Gender differentiated impacts of climate change more pronounced among rural women



Tools and Guidelines



Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries
in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Eradication



Guidelines to Enhance Fisheries and Aquaculture Statistics through a Census Framework



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Handbook for fisheries socio-economic sample survey
Principles and practice

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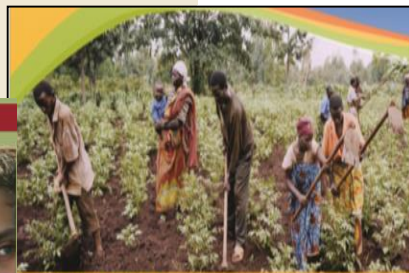


AGRICULTURE GLOBAL PRACTICE



Gender in Climate-Smart Agriculture

MODULE 18 for the GENDER in AGRICULTURE SOURCEBOOK



TRAINING GUIDE

GENDER AND CLIMATE CHANGE RESEARCH IN AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT

Second edition



TRAINING MODULE

How to integrate gender issues in climate-smart agriculture projects



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Example 1: Genetic diversity as risk mitigation strategy for climate smart agriculture



Example 2: Access to energy and Safe RAPID Assessment and exposure to protection risks



Threat Status/ Caused by	HH	Verbal abuse	Social abuse	Physical assault	Psychological abuse	Sexual assault	Confiscation of wood fuel	Arrest
No Threat	230							
Police/BGB	1							
Bandits or opportunists	4							
Host Community	34							
Ongoing Conflict	15							
Elephant Attack	3							
Forest Depart.	19							

SAFE assessment in
Cox's Bazar
(Bangladesh)

Example 3: Thiaroye fish-processing technique



Conclusion and Thank you!



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